Advanced, focused, scholarly, and specialized knowledge are usually the terms that differentiate a graduate degree program from an undergraduate one. Therefore, graduate or professional education is an appropriate choice if you want to explore a field of knowledge in greater depth than undergraduate education allows or if you need a specific kind of professional education to reach your career goal.

However, if your career goals are not yet formalized, it may make more sense to explore your interests through an internship or job before committing your time and money to a graduate program. Work experience may help you discover rewards and challenges in new places and unearth attractive non-academic paths in your field of interest; it will also help you learn about yourself—your preferences, values, and abilities. In addition, having a clear career goal and some related experience makes you a more attractive candidate for admission to most graduate programs. Keep in mind that it is not at all unusual to go on to graduate school several years after completing an undergraduate degree.

Gathering Information on Graduate Programs

- Begin by consulting the faculty in your discipline for recommendations on where to apply. Faculty can be a valuable resource for information on graduate programs based on their own experience and contacts as well as the experiences of previous students.

- Detailed information about almost all graduate/professional schools can be found online. Begin with the professional associations related to your field. They often accredit programs and/or maintain lists of programs on their websites.

- Your criteria for selecting potential graduate programs should include the research interests of the faculty; the philosophy or training model of a department; program size; work, teaching, and research opportunities; requirements for graduation; financial aid packages; career services; and location. Visit schools whenever possible.

Applying to Schools

The following are generally part of an application package:

* **Bachelor’s Degree** - An undergraduate major relevant to your future course of study may be required for graduate school; however, some programs, for example many MBA programs, prefer prospective students to have completed an undergraduate major other than business. Many professional schools seek a diverse student body and are more flexible about undergraduate curricula and work experience.

* **College GPA** - Schools generally expect a minimum GPA of 3.0. Most schools pay special attention to academic performance during junior and senior years, and to grades in your major or proposed field of graduate study.
**Letters of Recommendation** - These are a critical part of your application as they are one of the tools an admissions committee uses to evaluate your potential as a student and a future professional. Letters can be used to reinforce and highlight assets you could bring to a program. An application typically requires three or four letters, with at least two from faculty in your major area of study. Make sure that the people you choose are comfortable writing a reference for you and that they have all the necessary information on your goals, skills, and experiences to write an effective letter. Give them each a folder with a copy of your resume, your transcript, a list of programs you are applying to, and a writing sample. Allow several weeks (or longer if you can) for letters to be completed.

*Clark has a partnership with Interfolio, an online letter of reference file service. Interfolio is an easy way to store and send application materials to graduate and professional schools. For more information on this service, please go to: www.interfolio.com*

**Personal Statement** - In addition to letters of recommendation, you will be required to write at least one essay to support your application. This statement is an important opportunity to showcase your character, accomplishments, and future plans and to illustrate your interest in a particular institution and program. Think about what you can contribute to the program with respect to skills, research interests (particularly important if they parallel those of faculty), and related experiences. Demonstrate your creativity, self-motivation, initiative, and discipline through your academic and work-related experiences. Be clear and concise. Remember that this is also a writing sample.

**Admission Tests** - The GRE (for many graduate programs), the GMAT (for management programs), the LSAT (for law schools), and the MCAT (for medical school) are the typical admission tests. Research your programs to find out what exam is required and the minimum scores necessary for consideration. The general GRE is administered electronically; students may sign up to take them at any testing site on a range of dates. Advanced subject tests are still administered in paper format only on specific dates.

**Websites:**  
- [www.gre.org](http://www.gre.org) - information on paper and computer-based GRE testing  
- [www.princetonreview.com](http://www.princetonreview.com) - practice for the GREs

**Financing Graduate School**

Options for financing graduate study can include scholarships, fellowships, grants, work-study, assistantships, tuition waivers, and loans. Begin your research early. Some school financial aid deadlines are earlier than the deadline for admissions. In most cases, you will need to complete the FAFSA form as well as a form provided by the particular graduate program.

**Website:** [www.finaid.org](http://www.finaid.org) - general information on financial aid

**What Assistance Can the LEEP Center Provide?**

- **Individual advising appointments**
- **Workshops** on the graduate school application process  
- **Personal statement** critique service

**Web Sites to Help You Gather Information**

**Professional associations for your field of interest**
*These groups often provide lists of accredited graduate programs on their website.*

[Gradschools.com](http://www.gradschools.com)  
http://www.gradschools.com
A directory format with listings categorized by subject. Also offers Sources for Information on Diversity Programs, including scholarship/fellowship resources.

Petersons.com
http://www.petersons.com
A comprehensive listing of accredited graduate programs, plus other resources to assist with the application process.

Council of Graduate Schools
http://www.cgsnet.org
This site offers information on applying to graduate schools, financial aid, scholarship, and fellowship resources.

**Graduate School Timeline**

**Junior Year, Fall and Spring**

- Research programs and institutions.
- Register, prepare for, and take appropriate graduate admissions tests.

**Junior Year, Summer**

- Visit institutions of interest if possible.
- Draft your application essay.
- Revise writing sample.
- Check on application deadlines and rolling admissions policies.
- Register, prepare for, and take appropriate graduate admissions tests.

*For medical, dental, osteopathy, podiatry, or law school, you may need to register for the national application service that most programs use.*

**Senior Year, Fall**

- Request letters of recommendation.
- Draft final copies of application essay, writing sample, and resume.
- Take graduate admissions tests if you haven’t already.
- Submit completed applications well before the application deadline.
- Complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)

**Senior Year, Spring**

- Check with all institutions before the deadline to make sure your file is complete.
- Visit institutions that accept you.
- Send a deposit to the institution of your choice.
- Notify other colleges and universities that accepted you of your decision so that they may admit students on their waiting list.

*Questions? For further assistance, please contact Career Services at CServices@clarku.edu.*